2045 Long Range Transportation Plan

for the Auburn-Opelika Metropolitan Planning Organization







February 2020 DRAFT

2045 Long Range Transportation Plan

Auburn-Opelika Metropolitan Planning Organization

This document is posted at:

www.lrcog.com/transportation.html

For additional information, please contact:

Daniel Wyatt, Transportation Planner/GIS Coordinator Auburn-Opelika Metropolitan Planning Organization Lee-Russell Council of Governments 2207 Gateway Drive Opelika, AL 36801-6834 Phone: (334) 528-9214 Email: dwyatt@lrcog.com

Date adopted: February 5, 2020 Date amended:

This Plan was prepared as a cooperative effort of the U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT), Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Federal Transit Administration (FTA), Alabama Department of Transportation (ALDOT), and local governments in partial fulfillment of requirements in Title 23 USC 134 and 135, amended by the FAST Act, Sections 1201 and 1202, December 4, 2015. The contents of this document do not necessarily reflect the official views or policies of the U.S. Department of Transportation.

MPO Policy Committee

Name	Position
Gary Fuller, Chair	Mayor, City of Opelika
Ron Anders, Jr., Vice-Chair	Mayor, City of Auburn
David Canon	Councilman, City of Opelika
Tommy Dawson	Councilman, City of Auburn
Bill English	Probate Judge, Lee County Commission
Steve Graben	Region Engineer, ALDOT Southeast Region
Johnny Lawrence	Commissioner, Lee County
Mark D. Bartlett*	Administrator, FHWA Alabama Division
D.E. Phillips, Jr*	State Local Transportation Engineer, ALDOT
Courtney Roberts*	Program Analyst, Federal Transit Administration

*indicates non-voting status

Technical Advisory Committee

Name	Position
Justin Hardee, Chair	County Engineer, Lee County
Scott Parker, Vice-Chair	City Engineer, City of Opelika
David Bollie	County Transportation Engineer, ALDOT Southeast Region
Ben Burmester	Auburn University Campus Planning
Karl Westfall	Transit Director, LRCOG
Forrest Cotten	Planning Director, City of Auburn
Brandy Ezelle	Traffic Engineer, City of Auburn
Alison Frazier	Engineering Service Director, City Engineer, City of Auburn
Mike Hilyer	Public Works Director, ESG
Don Andrae	Tiger Transit Manager, Auburn University
William T. Hutto, Jr.	Director, Auburn University Regional Airport
Bill James	Public Safety Director, City of Auburn
Jay Jones	Sheriff, Lee County
Matt Mosley	Planning Director, City of Opelika
Jeffrey LaMondia	Civil Engineering Professor, Auburn University
John McEachern	Police Chief, City of Opelika
Lisa Sandt	Executive Director, LRCOG
Daniel Wyatt	Transportation Planner, LRCOG
R. Clint Andrews*	Transportation Planning Engineer, FHWA Alabama Division
Jim Buston, III*	Information Technology Director, City of Auburn
Michael Hora*	Assistant State Local Transportation Engineer, Planning, ALDOT
Steve Graben*	Region Engineer, ALDOT Southeast Region
Stephen Dawe*	Chief Technology Officer, City of Opelika
Richie LaGrand*	Chief Appraiser, Lee County
Courtney Roberts*	Program Analyst, Federal Transit Administration

*indicates non-voting status

Citizen Advisory Committee

Name	Position
Dana Camp	Auburn
Rex Griffin	Auburn
Dr. Johnny Green	Auburn
Dr. Larry Molt	Auburn
J.R. Smith	Auburn
VACANT	Opelika
David McCain	Opelika
Todd Rauch	Opelika
Sherri Reese	Opelika
Kenneth Ridley	Opelika
Butch Brock	Lee County
VACANT	Lee County

*indicates non-voting status

Placeholder for MPO Adopting Resolution

Table of Contents

1.0 Introduction	1
What is the Long Range Transportation Plan?	2
The Role of the Long Range Transportation Plan	2
What is the Metropolitan Planning Organization?	3
The Planning Process	4
Public and Stakeholder Involvement	4
2.0 Transportation Today	5
Roadway and Bridge Conditions	6
Bicycle and Pedestrian Conditions	7
Public Transit Conditions	8
Freight Conditions	9
3.0 Planning for Tomorrow	11
Growth Impacts	12
Changing Demographics and Travel Behavior	13
Connected and Autonomous Vehicles (CAV)	14
Electric and Alternative Fuel Vehicles	16
4.0 The Vision	17
Strategic Framework and Vision	
Goals and Objectives	19
Performance Measures	20
5.0 Implementation	21
Strategies	22
Roadway Projects	24
Bicycle and Pedestrian Projects	49
Public Transit Projects	56
Next Steps	61

List of Tables

Fiscally Constrained Roadway Capacity Projects	28
Fiscally Constrained Roadway Non-Capacity Projects	30
Visionary Roadway Capacity Projects	36
Visionary Roadway Non-Capacity Projects	42
Fiscally Constrained Bicycle and Pedestrian Projects	52
Visionary Bicycle and Pedestrian Project Corridors	54
Fiscally Constrained List of Transit Projects	58

List of Figures

Fiscally Constrained Roadway Capacity Projects	.26
Fiscally Constrained Roadway Non-Capacity Projects	. 27
Visionary Roadway Capacity Projects	. 34
Visionary Roadway Non-Capacity Projects	. 35
Fiscally Constrained Bicycle and Pedestrian Projects	. 50
Visionary Bicycle and Pedestrian Project Corridors	. 51
Public Transit Projects	. 57

Technical Reports

- 1) Transportation Modeling and Forecasting
- 2) Existing Conditions
- 3) Transportation Performance Management Report
- 4) Needs Assessment
- 5) Plan Development
- 6) Federal Compliance Checklist
- 7) Other ALDOT Requirements

Acronym Guide

Acronym	Description
ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act
ALDOT	Alabama Department of Transportation
ATRIP	Alabama Transportation Rehabilitation and Improvement Program
BUILD	Better Utilizing Investments to Leverage Development (grant program)
CAC	Citizen Advisory Committee
CMAQ	Congestion Mitigation Air Quality program
EJ	Environmental Justice
FAST Act	Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act
FHWA	Federal Highway Administration
FTA	Federal Transit Administration
GARVEE	Grant Anticipation Revenue Vehicle bonds
GIS	Geographic Information Systems
HSIP	Highway Safety Improvement Program
INFRA	Infrastructure for Rebuilding America (grant program)
ITS	Intelligent Transportation Systems
LRCOG	Lee-Russell Council of Governments
LRPT	Lee-Russell Public Transportation
LRTP	Long Range Transportation Plan
MPA	Metropolitan Planning Area
MPO	Metropolitan Planning Organization
РРР	Public Participation Plan
STIP	Statewide Transportation Improvement Program
STP	Surface Transportation Program
TAC	Technical Advisory Committee
ТАР	Transportation Alternatives Program
TIP	Transportation Improvement Program
VMT	Vehicle Miles Traveled
TSM	Transportation Systems Management
UPWP	Unified Planning Work Program

1.0 Introduction

Learn about the background of the Long Range Transportation Plan and the regional organization that develops it, the Metropolitan Planning Organization.

1

1.0 Introduction

What is the Long Range Transportation Plan?

A roadmap for addressing the region's transportation needs over the next 25 years



The Role of the Long Range Transportation Plan



What is the Metropolitan Planning Organization?

All urban areas with a population of 50,000 or greater are required to have a Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) to conduct regional transportation planning.

The MPO Structure (How It All Works)



The Metropolitan Planning Area



The Planning Process



Public and Stakeholder Involvement

The planning process incorporated public and stakeholder input at key phases of the project, resulting in a plan that reflects local priorities and needs.



2.0 Transportation Today

Review highlights of existing transportation conditions in the region for all modes.

Roadway and Bridge Conditions



Congestion – Opelika Road has the worst congestion in the region. Other areas of concern are I-85, Glenn Ave., and 2nd Ave.



Pavement Conditions – Nearly all major roadways in the region have pavement in fair or good condition.



Bridge Conditions – The vast majority of bridges are in fair or good condition and bridges in poor condition are being addressed.



Safety – From 2014 to 2018 there were 50 deaths and 528 severe injuries resulting from vehicular crashes.



Bicycle and Pedestrian Conditions



High Demand Areas – The highest demand areas are around Downtown Auburn, Auburn University, Downtown Opelika, and along AL-14.



Coverage – There are many sidewalk gaps in high demand areas and bike infrastructure is limited outside of the City of Auburn.



Level of Service – The majority of major roadways in the region do not have a good level of service for bicyclists or pedestrians.



Safety – 16 percent of bicycle crashes and 31 percent of pedestrian crashes from 2014 to 2018 resulted in an incapacitating injury or fatality.



Public Transit Conditions



High Demand Areas – Many areas could support fixed route transit. The highest demand is near Auburn University and other activity centers.



No Public Fixed Route Service – Despite demand, public transit is currently limited to dial-a-ride service. Tiger Transit is not for the public.



Maintenance – Most vehicles in the Lee Russell Public Transportation (LRPT) fleet exceed their useful life benchmark.



Safety – There have been few reported safety and security events in recent years for LRPT and most did not involve injuries.



Freight Conditions



Highest Truck Traffic – The highest truck volumes by far are on Interstate 85 where nearly 10,000 trucks travel per day.



Freight Truck Congestion – The biggest area of concern for freight truck congestion is on Interstate 85 around Opelika.



At-Grade Rail Crossings – There are over 40 at-grade rail crossings. ALDOT is working to improve at-grade rail crossings across the state.



Safety – Nearly seven percent of all fatal crashes in the region from 2014 to 2018 involved a heavy vehicle (e.g. freight truck).



Freight Corridors

■National Network ■Statewide Network ■ Rail Lines This page is intentionally left blank.

3.0 Planning for Tomorrow

Learn how growth and redevelopment, new mobility options, and evolving lifestyle preferences will transform the way people get around the region.

Growth Impacts

Over the next 25 years, the region is projected to continue growing at a rate faster than the state average. This growth will concentrate in certain areas, creating new transportation challenges and opportunities for the region.



Suburban Neighborhoods – Most residential growth is projected to occur at the edges of cities and existing developed areas.



Downtowns – Recent residential and commercial growth in downtown areas is projected to continue.



Industrial Areas – Most industrial growth is anticipated to occur near industrial parks and other existing industrial clusters.



Commercial Areas – Commercial corridors are projected to expand in rapidly growing areas and redevelop along key regional corridors.



Population Growth

Note: These numbers are for the Metropolitan Planning Area – a portion of Lee County.

Changing Demographics and Travel Behavior

In recent years, travel patterns have changed dramatically due to demographic changes and technological advances. Many of these changes are part of longer-term trends and others are newer, emerging trends.

The Population is Aging

The population aged 65 or older will grow rapidly over the next 25 years, nearly doubling from 2012 to 2050. This growth will increase the demand for alternatives to driving, especially for public transportation for people with limited mobility or disabilities.



Most People Are Traveling Less

Except for people over age 65, all age groups are making fewer trips per day. There are many factors driving this trend, including less face-to-face socializing, online shopping, and working from home. If this trend continues, travel demand may be noticeably impacted. Some major roadway projects may no longer be required and smaller improvements, such as intersection or turn lane improvements, may be sufficient for these needs.



Relationships with Cars Are Evolving

People are increasingly interested in car-free or car-lite lifestyles. In the short-term, people are paying premiums for walkable and bikeable neighborhoods and more frequently using ride-hailing (Uber/Lyft) and shared mobility (car share/bike share) services. In the long-term, car ownership rates could decrease, increasing the need for investments in bicycle, pedestrian, transit, and other mobility options

Connected and Autonomous Vehicles (CAV)

Today, most newer vehicles have some elements of both connected and autonomous vehicle technologies. These technologies are advancing rapidly and becoming more common.



3.0 Planning for Tomorrow

Potential Timeline

Next 5 years

 Automated features continue to improve and become less expensive

5-10 years

•Fully autonomous vehicles are on the market but AVs make up a small percentage of vehicles on the road

10-20 years

•AVs grow in popularity and by 2040, they make up between 20 and 50 percent of all vehicles on the road

Potential Transportation Impacts



Overall Safety – In the long-term, CAV technology is anticipated to reduce human error and improve overall traffic safety.



Bicycle and Pedestrian Safety – CAV interactions with bicyclists and pedestrians is a major area of concern that still needs improvement.



Traffic – CAVs have the potential to improve overall traffic flow and reduce congestion, even as they may increase vehicle miles traveled.



Big Data for Planning – Connected vehicle technology may provide valuable historical and real-time travel data for transportation planning.



Parking Reform – Autonomous vehicles could dramatically reduce demand for parking, opening this space up for other uses.



Transit – CAV technology has the potential to drastically reduce the cost of operating transit in environments that are safe for autonomous transit.



Freight – Both delivery and long-haul freight look to be early adopters of CAV technology, reducing costs and improving safety and congestion.



Development Patterns – The benefits of CAV technology may make longer commutes more attractive and increase urban sprawl.

Electric and Alternative Fuel Vehicles

There has been growing interest and investment in alternative fuel vehicle technologies in recent years, especially for electric vehicles. This renewed interest has also included the transit and freight industries. By 2030, some projections show electric vehicles making up nearly one-third of all cars in the United States.



Potential Transportation Impacts



Air Quality Improvement – Electric and other alternative fuel vehicles have the potential to drastically reduce automobile related emissions.



Infrastructure Needs – There may be a long-term need for public investment in vehicle charging stations.



Gas Tax Revenues – If adoption rates increase substantially, gas tax revenues will be impacted and new user fees may need to be considered.

4.0 The Vision

The vision and goals in this plan lay the foundation for identifying strategies and projects that will help the region meet its established performance targets.

Strategic Framework and Vision



Goals and Objectives



Provide Reliable Transportation Options

- TO.1 Reduce roadway congestion and delay
- TO.2 Make more areas in the region walkable and bikeable
- TO.3 Expand and improve transit to meet the needs of the region
- TO.4 Support convenient and affordable access to surrounding airports and regions



Improve Safety and Security

SS.1 Redesign corridors and areas with existing safety and security needs
SS.2 Coordinate with local and state stakeholders to improve enforcement of traffic regulations, transportation safety education, and emergency response
SS.3 Encourage the use of Intelligent Transportation Systems and other technology during disruptive incidents, including evacuation events

Maintain and Maximize Our System

MM.1 Maintain transportation infrastructure and assets in a good state of repairMM.2 Reduce demand for roadway expansion by using technology to efficiently and dynamically manage roadway capacity

Support Prosperity

SP.1 Pursue transportation improvements that are consistent with local plans for growth and economic development

SP.2 Support local businesses and industry by ensuring efficient movement of freight by truck, rail, and other modes

SP.3 Address the unique needs of visitors to the region and the impacts of tourism

SP.4 Promote context-sensitive transportation solutions that integrate land use and transportation planning and reflect community values



Protect Our Environment and Communities

EC.1 Minimize or avoid adverse impacts from transportation improvements to the natural environment and the human environment (historic sites, recreational areas, environmental justice populations) **EC.2** Encourage proven Green Infrastructure and other design approaches that effectively manage and mitigate stormwater runoff

EC.3 Work with local and state stakeholders to meet the growing needs of electric and alternative fuel vehicles

EC.4 Increase the percentage of workers commuting by carpooling, transit, walking, and biking

Performance Measures

Using a performance-based approach to transportation planning helps the region understand its current needs and allows planners and decision-makers to track progress over time. As required by federal legislation, the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) adopted performance targets for several federally required transportation performance measures and is monitoring performance for these measures over time.

Current Performance

The graphic below summarizes how the MPO and region are performing today regarding these required performance measures. For more detailed information, see the Transportation Performance Management Report.



Improving Performance

The Long Range Transportation Plan uses data and stakeholder input to identify the root causes of poor performance in federally required performance measures. It prioritizes investments that will improve current and future performance.

5.0 Implementation

This section presents the strategies and associated improvement plan that will help the region achieve its goals and meet its performance targets. It also provides guidance on the next steps for the MPO.

Strategies

These strategies, identified from a technical needs assessment and stakeholder and public input, will help the region achieve the transportation goals previously stated.



Responsibly Improve Roadway System

Funding for new roads and widening roads is limited. The MPO will prioritize roadway expansion projects that have a high benefit/cost ratio.



Redesign Key Corridors and Intersections

This plan has identified major corridors that should be redesigned to be safer, more efficient, and more accessible to bicyclists and pedestrians. These corridors can be found in the list of non-capacity roadway projects.



Improve and Expand Public Transportation

Improve existing dial-a-ride services to meet high demand and consider introducing fixed-route service in the cities of Auburn and Opelika. Explore additional funding options and consider partnering with Auburn University for fixed route service.



Rapidly Expand Biking and Walking Infrastructure

The most frequent comments from public input were for better walking and biking conditions. The MPO should encourage more bicycle and pedestrian projects and encourage bicycle and pedestrian improvements as part of planned roadway projects.



Address Freight Bottlenecks and Needs

The MPO should prioritize projects that reduce delay for freight vehicles to support local businesses and industry. The MPO should advocate for the widening of I-85, a freight bottleneck of statewide significance.



Prioritize Maintenance

The MPO should proactively address pavement conditions, bridge conditions, and transit asset management. Additional studies may be worthwhile to collect maintenance data on roadways outside of the National Highway System.



Establish a Safety Management System

The typical traffic safety program includes a crash record system, identification of hazardous locations, engineering studies, selection of countermeasures, prioritization of projects, planning and implementation, and evaluation.



Monitor Emerging Technology Options

Transportation technology is changing rapidly but much is still uncertain. The MPO should continue to monitor trends in emerging mobility options and consider partnerships with mobility companies and pilot programs as appropriate.

Roadway Projects

Over the next 25 years, the MPO plans to implement a variety of roadway capacity projects (adding lanes or new roadways) and roadway non-capacity projects.

Fiscally Constrained Projects

The MPO receives funding from many federal sources and provides local funding in addition to federal funding. Based on projections by ALDOT, approximately \$195 million in federal funds will be available to the MPO for roadway projects from 2020 to 2045.



Prioritizing Roadway Capacity Projects

All roadway capacity projects identified in existing plans and the LRTP needs analysis were prioritized based on the criteria below. High scoring projects were included in the fiscally constrained plan and the remaining projects are in a list of visionary projects.



Impact of Roadway Capacity Projects

Implementing the planned roadway capacity projects are projected to reduce overall delay in the region by 15 percent in 2045. However, there will still be delay in parts of the region and the MPO will also need to implement non-capacity type projects to mitigate congestion.





2045 - No New Projects Only Existing and Committed Projects



2045 - The Plan All Existing, Committed, & Planned Projects





Congested Corridors

- ---- Excessive Delay
- ----- Very Long Delays
- ----- Long Delays

Fiscally Constrained Roadway Capacity Projects


Fiscally Constrained Roadway Non-Capacity Projects



Fiscally Constrained Roadway Capacity Projects

LRTP ID	TIP ID	Roadway	Limits	Length (Miles)	Туре	Description	
RC-1	1972	N Donahue Dr	Bragg Ave to Cary Dr	0.48		Center Turn Lane	
RC-2	41002	S College (SR-147)	South College St: Garden Dr to Samford Ave; Samford Ave and Gay St	buth College St: Garden .17; .09 • Ne to Samford Ave; Imford Ave and Gay St		New lane; Drainage; Add Turn Lane	
RC-3	n/a	Watercrest Blvd Extension	E University Dr (CR-706) to 0.73 miles north of E University Dr	Jniversity Dr (CR-706) to 0.73 • New 73 miles north of E niversity Dr		New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-4	n/a	Dean Rd Extension	E University Dr to Birmingham Hwy (US-280)	1.89	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-7	n/a	Academy Dr Extension	Gatewood Dr to Shelton Mill Rd (CR-97)	0.80	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-19	n/a	Outer Loop - Segment 2/3	Mrs. James Rd (CR-81) to Martin Luther King Drive (SR-14)	3.34	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-29	n/a	Gateway Dr Extension	Marvyn Pkwy (SR-51) to Crawford Rd (SR-169)	Marvyn Pkwy (SR-51) to 0.38 New 2 Crawford Rd (SR-169)		New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-33	n/a	Marvyn Pkwy (SR- 51)	Crawford Rd (SR-169) to 1.50 Add Center Turn Lar the southern city limits		Add Center Turn Lane		
RC-45	n/a	Webster Rd Extension	Richland Rd to Martin Luther King Dr (SR-14)	1.47	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	

Note 1: YOE (Year of Expenditure) costs assume a 2% annual inflation rate.

Note 2: Bicycle and pedestrian improvements must be part of the overall design phase of all projects and included unless restrictions apply consistent with FHWA guidance.

Improvement: • New Roadway	 Widening Turnir 	ng Lane • Other/Multiple
Special Design Considerations: E	J – Environmental Justice	EC – Environmental and Community

Phase	Sponsor	Fiscal Year	Total Cost (2019\$)	Federal Cost (2019\$)	Total Cost (YOE)	Federal Cost (YOE)	Design Notes
ALL	City of Auburn	2021-2022	n/a	n/a	\$3,466,447	\$2,877,641	EJ EC
UT	City of Auburn	2020	n/a	n/a	\$4,596,318	\$3,698,630	E1 EC
ALL	City of Auburn	2034	\$3,565,303	2,852,242	\$4,798,429	\$3,838,743	
ALL	City of Auburn	2034	\$9,230,716	7,384,573	\$12,423,329	\$9,938,663	EJ
ALL	City of Auburn	2034	\$3,907,181	3,125,745	\$5,258,551	\$4,206,841	EJ
ALL	City of Auburn	2034	\$16,312,482	13,049,986	21,954,453	17,563,562	EJ
ALL	City of Opelika	2034	1,417,111	1,133,689	1,907,245	1,525,796	EC
ALL	City of Opelika	2034	4,564,477	3,651,582	6,143,185	4,914,548	
ALL	City of Auburn	2034	7,179,446	5,743,557	9,662,589	7,730,071	EJ EC

Fiscally Constrained Roadway Non-Capacity Projects

LRTP ID	TIP ID	Roadway	Limits	Length (Miles)	Туре	Description	
RN-1	42914	Pepperell Pkwy	Lowndes St to Westend Court	0.00	•	Resurfacing/Milling/Pe destrian Sidewalks and Signals	
RN-2	44154	Pepperell Pkwy	Lowndes St to Auburn City Limits	0.00	•	Resurfacing Sidewalks and Signals	
RN-3	44157	I-85	At Exit 50 (Cox Rd)	0.00	•	Interchange Lighting and Landscaping	
RN-4	44178	I-85	At Exit 57 (Bent Creek Rd)	0.00	•	Interchange Lighting and Landscaping	
RN-5	11397	CR-137	Macon County Line to Chadwick Ln	3.56	•	Resurfacing and Widening	
RN-6	29639	I-85 Bridges (4)	Over Choctafaula Creek and Over Halawakee Creek	0.00	•	Bridge Widening	
RN-7	42005	I-85 Bridges (6)	Over Long St, NS Railroad, and Marvyn Pkwy	1.80	•	I-85 Bridge Replacement w/ Access/Decel Extensions NB Off Ramp and SB On Ramp	
RN-8	43344	I-85	Macon County Line to .42 Mile West of SR-15	3.71	•	Pavement Preservation	
RN-9	42669	N College St (SR- 147)	At Farmville Rd	0.00		Construct Roundabout	
RN-10	43548	Wire Rd	At Cox Rd	0.00		Construct Roundabout	
RN-11	43552	Columbus Pkwy	At 4th, 6th, and 7th Streets	0.00		Intersection Improvements	
RN-42	n/a	Multiple	All At-Grade Rail Crossings within Metropolitan Planning Area	0.00		Railroad Crossings Safety Study	
RN-43	n/a	Gateway Drive	Marvyn Parkway (SR-51)	0.00		Construct Roundabout	
RN-44	n/a	Gateway Drive (US-280)	At Frederick Rd	0.00	•	Innovative Intersection Study and Conceptual Plans	

Phase	Sponsor	Fiscal Year	Total Cost (2019\$)	Federal Cost (2019\$)	Total Cost (YOE)	Federal Cost (YOE)	Design Notes
ALL	City of Opelika	2020-2021	n/a	n/a	\$3,206,175	\$2,585,341	EJ
ALL	City of Opelika	2022-2023	n/a	n/a	\$2,004,939	\$1,603,951	EC
ALL	City of Auburn	2020	n/a	n/a	\$1,200,000	\$960,000	EC
ALL	City of Auburn	2020-2021	n/a	n/a	\$1,211,000	\$968,800	EC
ALL	Lee County	2023	n/a	n/a	\$1,045,755	\$836,604	EJ EC
ALL	ALDOT	2022	n/a	n/a	\$3,615,482	\$3,253,934	EC
ALL	ALDOT	2020-2021	n/a	n/a	\$18,429,825	\$16,586,843	EJ
ALL	ALDOT	2020-2021	n/a	n/a	\$3,032,525	\$2,729,273	EC
ALL	ALDOT	2020	n/a	n/a	\$1,571,248	\$1,414,123	EC
ALL	City of Auburn	2020	n/a	n/a	\$1,604,232	\$1,443,809	EJ EC
ALL	City of Opelika	2020	n/a	n/a	\$1,833,150	\$1,649,835	EJ EC
ALL	LRCOG	2025	\$300,000	\$240,000	\$337,849	\$270,279	
ALL	City of Opelika	2025	3,729,500	2,983,600	4,200,023	3,360,018	
ALL	City of Opelika	2025	500,000	400,000	563,081	450,465	

Fiscally Constrained Roadway Non-Capacity Projects (continued)

LRTP ID	TIP ID	Roadway	Limits	Length (Miles)	Туре	Description	
RN-30	n/a	Opelika Rd (SR-14)	E University Dr to Commerce Dr	0.65	•	Access Management Study and Implementation	
RN-31	n/a	Pepperell Pkwy (SR-14)	Commerce Dr to Pleasant Dr	2.56	•	Access Management Study and Implementation	
RN-45	24518	SR-147	I-85 at Beehive Rd to US 280 at MP 101.37	11.41	•	Feasibility Study for Relocating SR-147 along new and existing roads	
TBD	n/a	Projects TBD in coordination with stakeholders (see Visionary Projects)	TBD	TBD	•	Line-item for remaining non- capacity budget	

Note 1: YOE (Year of Expenditure) costs assume a 2% annual inflation rate.

Note 2: Bicycle and pedestrian improvements must be part of the overall design phase of all projects and included unless restrictions apply consistent with FHWA guidance.

Improvement:	 Bridge 	• Pavement	 Intersection 	• Corridor Redesign	• Other/Multiple
Special Design	Considerati	ons: EJ – Envir	onmental Justice	EC – Environmental ar	nd Community

Phase	Sponsor	Fiscal Year	Total Cost (2019\$)	Federal Cost (2019\$)	Total Cost (YOE)	Federal Cost (YOE)	Design Notes
ALL	City of Auburn	2034	2,000,000	1,600,000	2,691,737	2,153,389	
ALL	City of Opelika	2034	8,000,000	6,400,000	10,766,947	8,613,557	EJ
ALL	City of Auburn	2020	n/a	n/a	\$287,676	\$230,141	
ALL	TBD	2034	TBD	TBD	\$110,257,751	\$88,206,203	

Visionary Roadway Capacity Projects



Visionary Roadway Non-Capacity Projects



Visionary Roadway Capacity Projects

LRTP ID	TIP ID	Roadway	Limits	Length (Miles)	Туре	Description	
RC-8	n/a	Wire Rd	Eagle Landing RV Park to Cox Rd	0.37	•	Center Turn Lane	
RC-9	n/a	Lem Morrison Dr Extension	W Samford Ave to W Magnolia Ave	0.40		New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-10	n/a	I-85	Exits 58-62: Gateway Dr (US-280 W) to Columbus Pkwy (US-280 E)	2.94	Widen From 4 to 6 Lanes; Bridge Replacement		
RC-11	n/a	N College St (SR- 147)	Shug Jordan Pkwy/E University Dr (SR-147) to US-280	2.86	•	Widen From 2 to 4 Lanes	
RC-12	n/a	SR-14	Willis Turk Rd to Webster Rd	2.58	•	Widen From 2 to 4 Lanes	
RC-13	n/a	Cox Rd	Beehive Interchange to Wire Rd	2.24	•	Widen From 2 to 4 Lanes	
RC-14	n/a	Downs Way Extension	Shug Jordan Pkwy (SR- 267) to Veterans Blvd	1.97	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-15	n/a	Riley St Connector	Corporate Pkwy to Wire Rd	1.87		New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-16	n/a	N College St	Shelton Mill Rd (CR-97) to Shug Jordan Pkwy/E University Dr (SR-147)	0.91	•	Widen From 2 to 4 Lanes	
RC-17	n/a	Piedmont Dr Extension	Donahue Dr (CR-82) to Outer Loop	2.39	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-18	n/a	Outer Loop – Segment 1/3	Wire Rd to Martin Luther King Dr (SR-14)	2.24	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-20	n/a	Outer Loop – Segment 3/3	Mrs. James Rd (CR-81) to US-280	1.53	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-21	n/a	Richland Rd Extension	Outer Loop to Richland Rd (CR-188)	2.20	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-22	n/a	Wills Turk Rd (CR- 57) Connector	SR-14 to Mr. James Rd (CR-81)	3.23	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-23	n/a	CR-188 Connector	CR-188 to SR-14 (Stage Rd)	2.04	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-24	n/a	Shelton Mill Rd (CR-97)	E University Dr to Birmingham Hwy (US-280)	2.09	•	Widen From 2 to 4 Lanes	

Phase	Sponsor	Fiscal Year	Total Cost (2019\$)	Federal Cost (2019\$)	Total Cost (YOE)	Federal Cost (YOE)	Design Notes
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$1,125,904	900,723	n/a	n/a	EJ
ALL	Auburn University	n/a	\$2,849,514	\$2,279,611	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	ALDOT	n/a	\$42,162,436	33,729,949	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	ALDOT	n/a	\$28,288,929	22,631,143	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	ALDOT	n/a	\$25,519,383	20,415,507	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$20,905,617	16,724,494	n/a	n/a	EJ
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$14,033,855	11,227,084	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$9,133,036	7,306,429	n/a	n/a	
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$8,492,907	6,794,326	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$11,672,704	9,338,163	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$10,940,108	8,752,086	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$7,472,484	5,977,988	n/a	n/a	
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$10,744,749	8,595,799	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$15,775,245	12,620,196	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$9,963,313	7,970,650	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$19,505,687	15,604,550	n/a	n/a	EC

Visionary Roadway Capacity Projects (continued)

LRTP ID	TIP ID	Roadway	Limits	Length (Miles)	Туре	Description	
RC-26	n/a	N Donahue Dr (CR-86)	Shug Jordan Parkway (SR- 147) to E Farmville Rd (CR- 72)	2.32	•	Widen From 2 to 4 Lanes	
RC-27	n/a	Shelton Mill Rd (CR-97)	N College St to E University Dr	0.92	•	Widen From 2 to 4 Lanes	
RC-28	n/a	N College St	Bragg Ave (SR-14) to Shelton Mill Rd (CR-97)	0.83	•	Widen From 2 to 4 Lanes	
RC-30	n/a	Pepperell Pkwy (SR-14) Connector	Pepperell Pkwy (SR-14) to Airport Rd	0.39	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-31	n/a	Fox Run Pkwy (US- 431)	Fox Trail to Samford Ave	0.86	•	Widen From 2 to 4 Lanes	
RC-32	n/a	Northpark Drive Extension	Northern terminus to Chambers County Line	1.17	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-34	n/a	Gateway Drive East (US-280) Extension	Crawford Rd (SR-169) to N Uniroyal Rd	2.27	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-35	n/a	Lafayette Pkwy (US-431)	Freeman Ave to Opelika City Limits	2.20	•	Widen From 2 to 4 Lanes	
RC-36	n/a	Northern By-Pass Connector	Oak Bowery Rd @ National Village Pkwy to Lafayette Pkwy (US-431)	2.56	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-37	n/a	Perimeter Rd	Grand National Pkwy to Oakbowery Rd	0.56	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-38	n/a	Eastern By-Pass Roadway Corridor	US-280 to W Point Pkwy (US-29)	3.95	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-40	n/a	Gateway Drive (US-280)	I-85 to Society Hill Drive (CR-54)	0.66	•	Widen From 2 to 4 Lanes	
RC-41	n/a	Fitzpatrick Ave	Pleasant Ave to North 10th Street	0.68	•	Widen From 2 to 4 Lanes	
RC-42	n/a	Columbus Pkwy (SR-38)	McCoy St to Fox Run Parkway	1.00	•	Widen From 2 to 4 Lanes	
RC-43	n/a	Moore's Mill Rd	Grove Hill Rd to Society Hill Rd (CR-54)	2.89	•	Widen From 2 to 4 Lanes	
RC-44	n/a	Cary Creek Pkwy	N College St (SR-147) to Shelton Mill Rd (CR-97)	1.00		New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-46	n/a	Cunningham Dr Connector	Cunningham Dr to Gateway Dr (US-280)	0.80	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	

Phase	Sponsor	Fiscal Year	Total Cost (2019\$)	Federal Cost (2019\$)	Total Cost (YOE)	Federal Cost (YOE)	Design Notes
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$21,652,246	17,321,797	n/a	n/a	
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$8,586,236	6,868,988	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$7,746,278	6,197,022	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	\$2,778,276	2,222,621	n/a	n/a	EJ
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	\$8,026,264	6,421,011	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	\$5,714,253	4,571,402	n/a	n/a	
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	\$11,086,627	8,869,302	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	\$20,532,303	16,425,842	n/a	n/a	
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	\$12,502,980	10,002,384	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	\$2,735,027	2,188,022	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	\$19,291,708	15,433,366	n/a	n/a	
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	\$6,159,691	4,927,753	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	\$6,346,348	5,077,078	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	\$9,332,865	7,466,292	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$26,971,979	21,577,583	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$4,883,977	3,907,181	n/a	n/a	
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	\$5,699,027	4,559,222	n/a	n/a	

Visionary Roadway Capacity Projects (continued)

LRTP ID	TIP ID	Roadway	Limits	Length (Miles)	Туре	Description	
RC-47	n/a	Opelika Rd (SR-14) Connector	SR-14 to N Gay St	0.13		New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-48	n/a	King Ave/Century Blvd Extension	Park St to Frederick Rd	2.33	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-49	n/a	I-85	Exit 50 (Cox Rd) to Exit 58 (Gateway Dr)	8.65	•	Widen From 4 to 6 Lanes; Bridge Replacement	
RC-50	n/a	Full Outer Loop (A- V1, A-V2, A-V3, and AC-9)	Corporate Pkwy to US 280 6.57 (multiple segments)		New 2 Lane Roadway		
RC-51	n/a	Shug Jordan Pkwy/University Dr	Richland Rd to Opelika Rd	4.68		Center Turn Lane and Turn Lanes	
RC-52	n/a	Pepperell Pkwy/2nd Ave/Samford Ave	Pleasant Dr to Lafayette Pkwy (US 431)	2.62	•	Widen From 3 to 5 Lanes	
RC-53	n/a	Miracle Rd Extension	CR-677 to Shug Jordan Pkwy (SR-147)	1.48	•	New 2 Lane Roadway	
RC-54	n/a	Duncan Rd Extension	Lem Morrison Dr to 0.30 Woodfield Dr			New 2 Lane Roadway	

Note 1: YOE (Year of Expenditure) costs assume a 2% annual inflation rate.

Note 2: Bicycle and pedestrian improvements must be part of the overall design phase of all projects and included unless restrictions apply consistent with FHWA guidance.

Note 3: RC-54 was added after the project prioritization process as a result of a recommendation from Auburn University



Phase	Sponsor	Fiscal Year	Total Cost (2019\$)	Federal Cost (2019\$)	Total Cost (YOE)	Federal Cost (YOE)	Design Notes
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$926,092	740,874	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	\$16,598,417	13,278,734	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	ALDOT	n/a	\$69,241,695	55,393,356	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$32,087,727	25,670,182	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$22,761,525	18,209,220	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	\$24,452,106	19,561,685	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	\$7,228,286	5,782,628	n/a	n/a	
ALL	Auburn University	n/a	\$2,137,135	\$1,709,708	n/a	n/a	

Visionary Roadway Non-Capacity Projects

LRTP ID	TIP ID	Roadway	Limits	Length (Miles)	Туре	Description	
RN-12	n/a	Opelika Road	East University Drive to Dean Road	1.05	•	Improve Turning Movement, Safety, and Traffic Flow	
RN-13	n/a	Dean Rd	Dean Elementary School to South of Auburn High School	0.24	•	Improve Turning Movement, Safety, and Traffic Flow	
RN-14	n/a	Samford Ave	College Street to Moore's Mill Road	0.43	•	Improve Turning Movement, Safety, and Traffic Flow	
RN-15	n/a	Shug Jordan Pkwy	Wire Road to Opelika Road	1.01	•	Improve Turning Movement, Safety, and Traffic Flow	
RN-16	n/a	Glenn Ave	Gay Street to Dean Road 0.87 Im Mo and		Improve Turning Movement, Safety, and Traffic Flow		
RN-17	n/a	2nd Ave	Replace Traffic Signal System Along 2nd Avenue with Demand- Response Traffic Signal System	n/a	•	Replace Traffic Signal System with Demand- Response Traffic Signal System / Improve Traffic Flow and Reduce Delay	
RN-18	n/a	S. 10th St and Geneva St	Between Avenue B and McCoy Street	0.82	•	Improve Turning Movement, Safety, and Traffic Flow	
RN-19	n/a	Martin Luther King Ave	Between Hurst Street and Clanton Street & Construct Left Turn Lane on Avenue B Westbound and South 10th Street	0.69	•	Improve Turning Movement, Safety, and Traffic Flow	
RN-20	n/a	Auburn St	Hurst Street and Magazine Avenue	0.52	•	Improve Turning Movement, Safety, and Traffic Flow	
RN-21	n/a	Old Columbus Rd	Relocate Old Columbus Road Northward between Norfolk-Southern Railroad and US-280 to Align with CR-155 (2 New Lanes)	0.24	•	Relocate/Realign and Improve Safety and Traffic Flow	

Phase	Sponsor	Fiscal Year	Total Cost (2019\$)	Federal Cost (2019\$)	Total Cost (YOE)	Federal Cost (YOE)	Design Notes
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EJ
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	

Visionary Roadway Non-Capacity Projects (continued)

LRTP ID	TIP ID	Roadway	Limits	Length (Miles)	Туре	Description	
RN-22	n/a	CR-54	Opelika City Limits to Moore's Mill Road	2.85	•	Widen and Resurface and Improve Safety and Traffic Flow	
RN-23	n/a	CR-10	CR-22 to CR-54	4.41	•	Widen and Resurface and Improve Safety and Traffic Flow	
RN-24	n/a	CR-137	Over Choclafaula Creek	n/a	•	Bridge Replacement and Improve Safety	
RN-25	n/a	CR-46	CR-72 to US-280	72 to US-280 2.07 Widen and Resurfa and Improve Safet and Traffic Flow		Widen and Resurface and Improve Safety and Traffic Flow	
RN-26	n/a	CR-166	SR-169 to CR-146	CR-146 2.01 Widen and Resur and Improve Safe and Traffic Flow		Widen and Resurface and Improve Safety and Traffic Flow	
RN-27	n/a	CR-389	US-431 to Chambers County Line	2.42	•	Widen and Resurface and Improve Safety and Traffic Flow	
RN-28	n/a	Northern By-Pass Connector	Lafayette Pkwy to 4.08 Andrews Rd			Resurface	
RN-29	n/a	Eastern By-Pass Roadway Corridor	West Point Pkwy to I-85	0.27	•	Resurface	
RN-32	n/a	Gateway Dr	Pepperell Pkwy to Marvyn Parkway	3.66	•	Corridor Study for signals, intersection improvements, safety improvements, and access management	
RN-33	n/a	Bridge on Ogletree Rd	Over Moores Mill Creek	N/A	•	Bridge Replacement	
RN-34	n/a	US 280 (Columbus Pkwy)	s Fox Run Pkwy to S 0.84 Ocrridor Stu Uniroyal Rd improvemen improvemen access mana		Corridor Study for signals, intersection improvements, safety improvements, and access management		
RN-35	n/a	Bridge on US 280 (Gateway Dr)	Over 1st Ave	N/A	•	Bridge Replacement	

Phase	Sponsor	Fiscal Year	Total Cost (2019\$)	Federal Cost (2019\$)	Total Cost (YOE)	Federal Cost (YOE)	Design Notes
ALL	Lee County	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	
ALL	Lee County	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	Lee County	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	Lee County	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	Lee County	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	
ALL	Lee County	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	TBD	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	
ALL	TBD	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EC

Visionary Roadway Non-Capacity Projects (continued)

LRTP ID	TIP ID	Roadway	Limits Length (Miles) Type		Description		
RN-36	n/a	S. College St	Shell Toomer Pkwy to E University Ave	1.68	•	Intersection, turn lane, access management, and signalization improvements as called for in City of Auburn Traffic Study	
RN-37	n/a	S. College St	Magnolia Ave to Glenn Ave	0.18	•	Intersection, turn lane, access management, and signalization improvements as called for in City of Auburn Traffic Study	
RN-38	n/a	Shug Jordan Parkway	Richland Rd to E University Ave	2.35	•	Intersection, turn lane, access management, and signalization improvements as called for in City of Auburn Traffic Study	
RN-39	n/a	I-85	Exit 60 (Marvyn Pkwy Interchange)	n/a	•	Redesign interchange for safety improvements and traffic flow	
RN-40	n/a	City of Auburn Traffic Study Recommendations	All	n/a	•	Line item for potential addition of recommendations from traffic study not already covered in above projects	
RN-41	n/a	Miracle Rd	Farmville Rd to CR-677	0.60		Resurface	

Note 1: YOE (Year of Expenditure) costs assume a 2% annual inflation rate.

Note 2: Bicycle and pedestrian improvements must be part of the overall design phase of all projects and included unless restrictions apply consistent with FHWA guidance.

Improvement:	• Bridge	• Pavement	 Intersection 	• Corridor Redesign	• Other/Multiple
Special Design (Considerati	ons: EJ – Envir	EC – Environmental ar	nd Community	

Phase	Sponsor	Fiscal Year	Total Cost (2019\$)	Federal Cost (2019\$)	Total Cost (YOE)	Federal Cost (YOE)	Design Notes
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EJ
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EC
ALL	ALDOT	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	EJ EC
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a	

This page is intentionally left blank.

Bicycle and Pedestrian Projects

In addition to bicycle and pedestrian improvements included with planned roadway projects, the region will continue to fund stand-alone bicycle and pedestrian projects.

Financial Plan

The major federal source for bicycle and pedestrian projects is the Transportation Alternatives (TA) Set-Aside program, administered by ALDOT. Based on historical funding levels and the region's share of the state population, this plan assumes that approximately \$8.8 million in federal TA funds will be available to the MPO from 2020 to 2045. The MPO currently only has one TA-funded project and local governments should continue to apply for these projects.



High-Priority, Visionary Project Corridors

All bicycle and pedestrian projects identified in existing plans and the LRTP needs analysis were prioritized based on the criteria below, resulting in a list of visionary bicycle and pedestrian corridors. Local governments should prioritize projects in these corridors for TA funding.



Fiscally Constrained Bicycle and Pedestrian Projects

Project Type

 \sim Streetscape



Visionary Bicycle and Pedestrian Project Corridors

Project Corridor Type



Fiscally Constrained Bicycle and Pedestrian Projects

LRTP ID	TIP ID	Roadway	Limits	Length (Miles)	Туре	
BP-1	10006 9022	N 8 th Street; 1 st Avenue	N Railroad Avenue to 1^{st} Ave; N 8^{th} Street to N 7^{th} Street	n/a	•	

Note: YOE (Year of Expenditure) costs assume a 2% annual inflation rate.

Phase	Sponsor	Fiscal Year	Total Cost (2019\$)	Federal Cost (2019\$)	Total Cost (YOE)	Federal Cost (YOE)
CN	TBD	2020	\$410,125	\$328,100	\$414,226	\$331,381

Visionary Bicycle and Pedestrian Project Corridors

LRTP ID	TIP ID	Roadway	Limits	Length (Miles)	Туре	
BP-2	n/a	E University Dr	S College St to S Donahue Dr	0.63	٠	
BP-3	n/a	S College St	E University Dr to E Samford Ave	1.81	٠	
BP-4	n/a	E Samford Ave	Well St to S Dean Rd	1.27	٠	
BP-5	n/a	Magnolia Ave	Roosevelt Dt to N Ross St	1.13	٠	
BP-6	n/a	W Glenn Ave	N Donahue Dr to Wright St	0.42	•	
BP-7	n/a	Martin Luther King Dr/Bragg Ave/Mitcham Ave	Jordan St to N Gay St	1.49	٠	
BP-8	n/a	N Donahue Dr	W Thatch Ave to Cary Dr	0.96	•	
BP-9	n/a	S Gay St	E Samford Ave to E Drake Ave	1.06		
BP-10	n/a	College St	E Samford Ave to E Drake Ave	1.08		
BP-11	n/a	E Glenn Ave	Wright St to Alice St	1.87		
BP-12	n/a	Harper Ave	N Ross St to N Dean St	0.60	•	
BP-13	n/a	N Dean St	E Glenn Ave to Opelika Rd	0.54	٠	
BP-14	n/a	N Dean Rd	Opelika Rd to E University Dr	0.91	•	
BP-15	n/a	E University Dr	Dekalb St to Bailey-Harris Dr	1.39	٠	
BP-16	n/a	Mall Blvd/Commerce Dr	Mall Pkwy to Commerce Dr; entire street	0.76	•	
BP-17	n/a	Veterans Pkwy	Pepperell Pkwy to Academy Dr	0.48	•	
BP-18	n/a	Pleasant Dr	Pepperell Pkwy to Waverly Pkwy	0.63	•	
BP-19	n/a	1st Ave	Thomason Dr to N 11th St	1.55	٠	
BP-20	n/a	10th St	2nd Ave to Martin Luther King Blvd	0.64		
BP-21	n/a	6th St	2nd Ave to Columbus Pkwy	0.74		
BP-22	n/a	Jeter Ave	S Railroad Ave to Fair St	0.50	•	
BP-23	n/a	S Dean Rd	E Glenn Ave to Moores Mill Rd	1.20		
BP-24	n/a	Opelika Rd/Pepperell Pkwy/2nd Ave/Samford Ave	N Gay St to Lafayette Pkwy	7.87	٠	
Improv	ement:	 Streetscape Bicycle 	Pedestrian • Bicycle and Pedestrian			

Phase	Sponsor	Fiscal Year	Total Cost (2019\$)	Federal Cost (2019\$)	Total Cost (YOE)	Federal Cost (YOE)
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Opelika	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	City of Auburn	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a
ALL	Cities of Auburn and Opelika	n/a	TBD	TBD	n/a	n/a

Public Transit Projects

Over the next 25 years, the region will continue to provide the dial-a-ride service operated by Lee-Russell Council of Governments. At the same time, it will also consider introducing fixed-route service around the cities of Auburn and Opelika.

Financial Plan

If recent funding levels continue, the region will have enough federal funding to continue operating its dial-a-ride service at current levels. The main limitation to expanding service will be local funding to match and exceed federal funding.



Fixed Route Feasibility Study

There is demand for regularly scheduled, fixed route transit in the region. A feasibility study should be conducted that addresses the following questions:

- Who would operate this transit service and how would it include Auburn University?
- What funds are available and what new funding sources are viable options?
- What types of service should be provided and where?
- What are the steps for implementation?

Public Transit Projects

Project Type

Fixed Route Feasibility Study Continue Current Service



Fiscally Constrained List of Transit Projects

LRTP ID	TIP ID	Description	Туре	
PT-1	100069148	SECTION 5307 TRANSIT LEE-RUSSELL COG (AUBURN/OPELIKA - URBAN) OPERATING	•	
PT-2	100069149	SECTION 5307 TRANSIT LEE-RUSSELL COG (AUB/OPELIKA - URBAN) CAPITAL ROLLING STOCK (2 CC BUS)		
PT-3	100069151	SECTION 5307 TRANSIT JARC (LOCAL) LEERUSSELL COG OPERATING		
PT-4	100069153	SECTION 5307 TRANSIT JARC (DHR) LEERUSSELL COG OPERATING		
PT-5	100069154	SECTION 5316 TRANSIT JARC LEE-RUSSELL COG (URBAN) CAPITAL MOBILITY MGMT	٠	
PT-6	100069163	SECTION 5311 TRANSIT LEE-RUSSELL COG OPERATING		
PT-7	100069165	SECTION 5311 TRANSIT LEE-RUSSELL COG ADMINISTRATION		
PT-8	100069168	SECTION 5339 TRANSIT LEE-RUSSELL COG CAPITAL ROLLING STOCK (2 CC BUS)		
PT-9	100069169	SECTION 5311 TRANSIT LEE-RUSSELL COG CAPITAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		
PT-10	100069172	SECTION 5311 TRANSIT JARC (LOCAL) LEERUSSELL COG OPERATING		
PT-11	100069174	SECTION 5311 TRANSIT JARC (DHR) LEERUSSELL COG OPERATING		
PT-12	100069175	SECTION 5311 TRANSIT JARC (LOCAL) LEERUSSELL COG CAPITAL MOBILITY MANAGEMENT		
PT-13	100069237	SECTION 5307 TRANSIT (AUBURN / OPELIKA) LEE-RUSSELL COG CAPITAL ROLLING STOCK (3 CCB) GRANT AL90X198		
PT-14	100069651	SECTION 5310 TRANSIT (URBAN) LEERUSSELL COG CAPITAL PURCHASED TRANS	٠	
PT-15	100069864	SECTION 5307 TRANSIT JARC LEE-RUSSELL COG (URBAN) CAPITAL MOBILITY MGMT		
PT-16	100070091	SECTION 5310 TRANSIT (URBAN) ACHIEVEMENT CNTR - EASTER SEALS CAPITAL ROLLING STOCK (1 CCB)		
PT-19	n/a	FIXED ROUTE FEASIBILITY STUDY	•	
PT-17	n/a	LEE-RUSSELL COG OPERATING		
PT-18	n/a	LEE-RUSSELL COG CAPITAL		

Note: YOE (Year of Expenditure) costs assume a 2% annual inflation rate.

Improvement: • Operating • Capital • Study

Sponsor	Fiscal Year	Total Cost (2019\$)	Federal Cost (2019\$)	Total Cost (YOE)	Federal Cost (YOE)
LRCOG	2019	n/a	n/a	\$741,438	\$370,719
LRCOG	2019	n/a	n/a	\$120,000	\$96,000
LRCOG	2019	n/a	n/a	\$100,000	\$50,000
LRCOG	2019	n/a	n/a	\$403,829	\$201,915
LRCOG	2019	n/a	n/a	\$22,770	\$18,216
LRCOG	2019	n/a	n/a	\$443,249	\$221,625
LRCOG	2019	n/a	n/a	\$166,381	\$83,191
LRCOG	2019	n/a	n/a	\$131,835	\$105,468
LRCOG	2019	n/a	n/a	\$46,286	\$37,029
LRCOG	2019	n/a	n/a	\$20,000	\$10,000
LRCOG	2019	n/a	n/a	\$170,733	\$85,367
LRCOG	2019	n/a	n/a	\$37,055	\$29,644
LRCOG	2019	n/a	n/a	\$189,198	\$151,358
LRCOG	2019	n/a	n/a	\$150,000	\$120,000
LRCOG	2019	n/a	n/a	\$45,970	\$36,776
LRCOG	2019	n/a	n/a	\$62,483	\$49,986
LRCOG	2021	n/a	n/a	\$100,000	\$80,000
LRCOG	2020-2045	n/a	n/a	\$70,255,779	\$35,127,890
LRCOG	2020-2045	n/a	n/a	\$15,006,390	\$12,005,112

This page is intentionally left blank.

Next Steps

Implementation Timeline

Ongoing	Short-Term	Long-Term
Right now COORDINATE	In the next 2 years ADVANCE PROJECTS	In the next 5 years UPDATE THE PLAN
 Continue coordinating with ALDOT to advance projects in the TIP and LRTP. Dedicate upcoming planning funding for corridor and intersection studies. Dedicate upcoming planning funding for a transit feasibility study. 	 Conduct corridor and intersection studies. Conduct a Transit Feasibility Study. Apply for TAP funding for high-priority bike/ped projects. Update Performance Targets and Report. 	 Adjust Metropolitan Planning Area following 2020 Census. Update LRTP, incorporating new projects from studies and re-assessing emerging mobility options.